

Operations continued

Thorlux carbon offsetting project

Since 2009, FW Thorpe has been planting trees on its own land in Wales to offset Group emissions annually. The Group has planted 179,412 trees, effectively offsetting more than 44,385 tonnes of CO₂e emissions over the next 100 years.

The carbon capture tree-planting scheme (quality-assured by the government-backed Woodland Carbon Code) is independently certified to ISO 14064-3 and ISO 14065 standards. (The Woodland Carbon Code is an independent standard devised by a group led by the UK Forestry Commission that certifies woodland creation projects that accurately measure how much carbon is captured and stored).

FW Thorpe has completed its woodland creation project in Devauden, Wales, and has purchased 195 acres of land in Herefordshire. This land holds significant potential for connecting existing woodlands to enhance biodiversity and landscape. Ecological surveys have been conducted on the new land, and community consultations have taken place, with planting activities scheduled to commence in spring 2025.

The Group is committed to making Brook Farm a destination for community enjoyment. A network of shale paths will be established, allowing dog walkers and visitors easy access via a public right of way from the village or a car park at the entrance. Features such as signposts, waymarkers, noticeboards, benches and picnic areas will enhance the visitor experience.



Sustainability Working Group – visit to Devauden

In May 2024, the FW Thorpe Sustainability Working Group convened in person for a two-day event including a trip to the Group carbon offsetting project in Monmouthshire, Wales and the recently acquired land in Herefordshire. Plans for this new site are currently being developed with planting expected to start in early 2025.



 Sustainability Working Group visit



To date, the Group has planted **179,412** trees

Offsetting more than **44,385** tonnes of CO₂e



Brook Farm Planting Map

The Brook Farm Woodland Creation Scheme aims to establish a thriving woodland, enhance biodiversity through the expansion of natural habitats, and improve existing site features whilst providing enjoyable recreational areas for local residents.



Recreational Footpaths



Public Right Of Way



Watercourses



Managed Open Space



Existing Woodland



Broadleaf High Forest



Native Broadleaf Woodland



Continuous Cover Forestry